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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see Authors & Referees and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

Statistics		
For all statistical analys	es, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.	
n/a Confirmed		
☐ ☐ The exact san	nple size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement	
A statement of	on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly	
The statistical Only common t	test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided ests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.	
A description	of all covariates tested	
A description	of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons	
A full descript AND variation	ion of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)	
For null hypot	thesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted sexact values whenever suitable.	
For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings		
For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes		
\square Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated		
Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> contains articles on many of the points above.		
Software and o	code	
Policy information abo	ut <u>availability of computer code</u>	
Data collection	BD LSR2, BD Fortessa, BD ARIA ,Azure Biosystem (c300), Olympus Microscope	
Data analysis	Flowjo 10.0.8.0, SigmaPlot 12.5, Graphpad Prism 6	

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The authors declare that the data supporting the findings of this study are available within the paper and its supplementary information.

Gene expression data has been uploaded to the EGA database under the accession number EGAS00001003560 [https://www.ebi.ac.uk/ega/datasets/ EGAD00001005281]. Deep sequencing of PCR amplified immunoglobulin heavy chain variable gene regions has been submitted to the SRA under the BioProject ID: PRJNA551148 [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/Traces/study/?acc=PRJNA551148]. All the other data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article and its supplementary information files and from the corresponding author upon reasonable request. A reporting summary for this article is available as a Supplementary Information file.

Field-spe	ecific reporting		
<u>.</u>	one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selections before making your selections.	ection.	
\(\sum_{\text{life sciences}}\)	Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences		
For a reference copy of t	of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf</u>		
Life scier	nces study design		
All studies must dis	disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.		
Sample size	No samples-size calculation was performed. For in vitro studies, a minimum of n=3 (independent biological replicates) was used if no otherwise stated in the figure legend. For in vivo mouse experiments, we used n=3-4 per treatment cohort.	t	
Data exclusions	No data was excluded from analysis.	vas excluded from analysis.	
Replication	All attempts at replication were successful.		
Randomization	r in vitro experiments, donor-derived cells were paired and distributed into control and experimental group for comparison. r in vivo experiments, age- and sex-matched mice were randomly allocated for cohorts.		
Blinding	The investigators were not blinded as experimental conditions required us to know the identity of samples and donors. Animal husbandry technicians providing guidance on when to sacrifice animals were blinded.		
We require informati	ng for specific materials, systems and methods ation from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each		
	listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a reexperimental systems Methods	esponse.	
n/a Involved in th			
Antibodies	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Eukaryotic			
☐ Palaeontology ☐ MRI-based neuroimaging			
Animals an	and other organisms		
Human research participants			
Clinical dat	lata		
Antibodies			
Antibodies used	All antibodies used in this study are commercially available and have been validated by the manufacturer. A complete list of antibodies, including catalog number, is provided in Methods.		
Validation	The following Western Blot antibodies were used: #4970 Beta-actin (13E5, Cell Signalling Technology), 1:10000, Supplementary Figure 3f & 6a ab128900 GNA13 (EPR5436, Abcam), 1:1000, Supplementary Figure 3f sc-764 c-myc (N-262, Santa Cruz), 1:500, Supplementary Figure 6a		

BCL-6 (D65C10, Cell Signaling Technology #5650), 1:500, Supplementary Figure 6a

BCL-2 (610539, Becton Dickinson Biosciences), 1:500, Supplementary Figure 6a

The following FACS antibodies were used: Anti-human CD38 (HB7), #12-0388-42, 1:500 Anti-human CD20 (2H7), #17-0209-41, 1:500

Anti-human CD19 (HIB19), #302223/302211/302205, 1:500

Anti-human CD10 (97C5), MiltenyiBiotec, 130-093-450, 1:500

Anti-human CD2 (RPA-2.10), #300207/300235, 1:500

Anti-mouse CD90.1 Thy1.1 (OX-7), #202529, 1:500 Anti-human CD154 (24-31), #310805, 1:500

Anti-mouse CD8a (53-6.7), #100712, 1:500

Anti-human CD22 (HIB22), #302510, 1:500

Anti-human CD80 (2D10), #305219, 1:500

Anti-human CD95 (DX2), #305629, 1:500 Anti-human CD86 (IT2.2), #305419, 1:500 Anti-human CXCR4 (12G5), #306505, 1:500 Anti-human IgM (MHM-88), #314506, 1:500 Anti-human IgG #H10164, 1:500

Anti-human IgG #H10164, 1:500 #11962 Phospho-Akt (Ser473) (D9E) XP Rabbit mAb (Cell Signalling)

All antibodies were purchased from Biolegend if not otherwise stated.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s) Obtained from Dr Louis Staudt: HBL1, BJAB, U2932, TMD8, SUDHL4, DOHH2, Raji, Mutu.

NCIH929 obtained from ATCC CRL-9068. Lenti-X 293T (Clontech Laboratories, 632180)

Authentication Identity was verified using a 16-amplicon multiplexed copy number variant fingerprinting assay.

Mycoplasma contamination All cell lines used in this study were confirmed to be free from mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used in these studies.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

All animals used were NSG (non-obese diabetic/severe combined immunodeficient/common gamma chain deficient). Specific numbers and groups of animals are provided in figure legends accordingly.

Wild animals No wild animals were utilized during the course of these studies.

Ethics oversight

This research has been regulated under the Animals (Scientific Procedures) Act 1986 Amendment Regulations 2012 following ethical review by the University of Cambridge Animal Welfare and Ethical Review Body (AWERB).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about <u>clinical studies</u>

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Outcomes Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- X A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation Cells were prepared as follows unless otherwise stated in Methods:

Cells used in co-cultures assays were gently de-attached from feeders by pipetting, with care used to not remove feeders,

collected and washed (500 x g, 5 min) several times with PBS and filtered before staining for relevant markers. For analysis, cells were resuspended in PBS with 2% FBS.

Instrument BD Biosciences LSR2, BD Fortessa, BD Biosciences Aria2

Software BD FACS Diva 6.1.3 software was used to collect flow cytometry data. FlowJo 10.0.8 software was used for the analysis of flow cytometry data.

Cell population abundance Purity of magnetic-bead purified GC B cells were analyzed by staining for CD38, CD20, CD10 and CD19. Generally, more than 10,000 events were collected.

Gating strategy

Live cells were gated using FSC/SSC parameters. Positive cells for a marker were gated using nontransduced negative controls.

Gating strategy can be found in Supplementary Figure 8.

Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.