**eLife’s transparent reporting form**

We encourage authors to provide detailed information *within their submission* to facilitate the interpretation and replication of experiments. Authors can upload supporting documentation to indicate the use of appropriate reporting guidelines for health-related research (see [EQUATOR Network](https://www.equator-network.org)), life science research (see the [BioSharing Information Resource](https://www.bioinformatics.nl/datasets/)), or the [ARRIVE guidelines](https:// ARRIVEguidelines.org) for reporting work involving animal research. Where applicable, authors should refer to any relevant reporting standards documents in this form.

If you have any questions, please consult our Journal Policies and/or contact us: editorial@elifesciences.org.

**Sample-size estimation**

- You should state whether an appropriate sample size was computed when the study was being designed
- You should state the statistical method of sample size computation and any required assumptions
- If no explicit power analysis was used, you should describe how you decided what sample (replicate) size (number) to use

Please outline where this information can be found within the submission (e.g., sections or figure legends), or explain why this information doesn’t apply to your submission:

All sample sizes are indicated in the figure graphs and tables, or in the accompanying figure legends. Theoretical sample sizes were not calculated beforehand, but were determined by the number of available animals at the indicated developmental stages, and the number of animals that could be simultaneously mounted for microscopic observation, as described in the materials and methods section (line 469ff).

**Replicates**

- You should report how often each experiment was performed
- You should include a definition of biological versus technical replication
- The data obtained should be provided and sufficient information should be provided to indicate the number of independent biological and/or technical replicates
- If you encountered any outliers, you should describe how these were handled
- Criteria for exclusion/inclusion of data should be clearly stated
- High-throughput sequence data should be uploaded before submission, with a private link for reviewers provided (these are available from both GEO and ArrayExpress)

Please outline where this information can be found within the submission (e.g., sections or figure legends), or explain why this information doesn’t apply to your submission:

The number of replicates are mentioned in the figure legends (Figs 1,3,4,5, s1, s2, s3) and materials and methods (lines 469,563). Note that for vulva induction counts, AC alignment and reporter expression (Figs. 4), the sample numbers refer to technical replicates, i.e. the numbers of animals of the indicated genotypes that were scored. No outliers were removed. No high-throughput data were generated in this study.
**Statistical reporting**

- Statistical analysis methods should be described and justified
- Raw data should be presented in figures whenever informative to do so (typically when N per group is less than 10)
- For each experiment, you should identify the statistical tests used, exact values of N, definitions of center, methods of multiple test correction, and dispersion and precision measures (e.g., mean, median, SD, SEM, confidence intervals; and, for the major substantive results, a measure of effect size (e.g., Pearson's r, Cohen's d)
- Report exact p-values wherever possible alongside the summary statistics and 95% confidence intervals. These should be reported for all key questions and not only when the p-value is less than 0.05.

Please outline where this information can be found within the submission (e.g., sections or figure legends), or explain why this information doesn’t apply to your submission:

Statistical methods used are defined in the figure legends. Note that vulval induction counts (VI) were analyzed by bootstrapping, as this is the appropriate test for discrete cell counts (line 824ff).
Where possible (Fig 4E,O, s2,s3) the individual data points are shown. Except for fig. s2, N>10 for all sample sizes.
Where applied (Fig. 6G), multiple test corrections are defined. All other statistical tests were pairwise comparisons. Error bars are defined in the figure legends.
P-values are indicated using standard nomenclature (*/**/***), as defined in the figure legends.

(For large datasets, or papers with a very large number of statistical tests, you may upload a single table file with tests, Ns, etc., with reference to sections in the manuscript.)

**Group allocation**

- Indicate how samples were allocated into experimental groups (in the case of clinical studies, please specify allocation to treatment method); if randomization was used, please also state if restricted randomization was applied
- Indicate if masking was used during group allocation, data collection and/or data analysis

Please outline where this information can be found within the submission (e.g., sections or figure legends), or explain why this information doesn’t apply to your submission:

Samples were allocated to groups according to the genotypes of the animals/cells and their treatment (e.g. +/- EGF stimulation).
No masking was used

**Additional data files (“source data”)**

- We encourage you to upload relevant additional data files, such as numerical data that are represented as a graph in a figure, or as a summary table
- Where provided, these should be in the most useful format, and they can be uploaded as “Source data” files linked to a main figure or table
- Include model definition files including the full list of parameters used
- Include code used for data analysis (e.g., R, MatLab)
- Avoid stating that data files are “available upon request”

Please indicate the figures or tables for which source data files have been provided:
No additional data files data are included.